Source: The Sunday Times, pA2 Date: 28 November 2021

Ties didn't worsen for most families amid Covid-19

41% in study say pandemic improved how family members got along, 71% spent more time together

Theresa Tan Senior Social Affairs Correspondent

The protracted Covid-19 pandemic did not worsen family ties as feared, despite anecdotal reports of

rising tensions among people who had towork and study from home. In fact, family relations improved or at least stayed the same for most of the more than 3,000 families interviewed in a nationally representative study on the im-

pact of the Covid-19 pandemic on families with young children here. The Singapore Longitudinal Early Development Study found

- 41 per cent of families said the pandemic improved how their family members got along, while 46 per cent said there was no change. The remaining 13 per cent said the pandemic made
- ties worse.
 47 per cent of households said 47 per cent or nonsenance said the quality of communication between family members during the pandemic improved, while 43 per cent said it stayed the same. The remainder said it
- pecame worse. 71 per cent of households said they spent more time together as a family, versus 23 per cent

SURPRISING OUTCOME

Of course, we have some families who said things got worse, but the proportion who reported that Covid-19 made things better is significantly larger than those who said things got worse, across all housing types.

PROFESSOR JEAN YEUNG principal investigator of the study who reported no change. The rest spent less time together.

Professor Jean Yeung, principal investigator of the study, said the finding that family relations remained the same or improved for most of the families interviewed was surprising.

There have been media reports,

albeit citing anecdotal examples, of how more families are facing in-creased friction at home during the pandemic, she said. Family vio-

the pandemic, she said. Family vio-lence cases have also risen.

She said: "Of course, we have some families who said things got worse, but the proportion who re-ported that Covid-19 made things better is significantly larger than those who said things got worse, across all housing types. "It is valuable that we have a na-

tional empirical picture to look at what is really happening with Singaporean families with young children."

The study involved 4,355 children, aged between two and nine, in 3,018 families.

Their primary caregivers were interviewed between February and November for the study on the pandemic's impact.

The researchers have been fol-

The researchers have been following these families since 2018 as part of the longitudinal study, interviewing them on a range of issues relating to early childhood development.

The study's first wave involved about 5,000 children up to age six, and their primary caregivers were interviewed between November 2018 and September 2019. The study is supported by the So-

2018 and September 2019.
The study is supported by the Social Science Research Council, which was set up by the Government in January 2016 to provide concerted direction for social science and humanities research.
Prof Yeung, who is founding director of the Centre for Family and Population Research at the National University of Singapore, noted that the pandemic has reduced commuting time and provided an opportunity for the redistribution of housework and childcare responsibilities, even as it care responsibilities, even as it blurred the boundaries between work, school and family.

"This is a good opportunity for fathers to be more involved in their children's development and share in housework.

The study found that slightly more than a third of the primary caregivers said the pandemic had

Impact of pandemic on families with young children





Living in
HDB rental flats[‡] private property[‡]

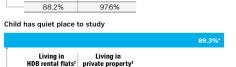






3%*	
Living in HDB rental flats‡	Living in private property [‡]
10.7%	1.3%
	HDB rental flats

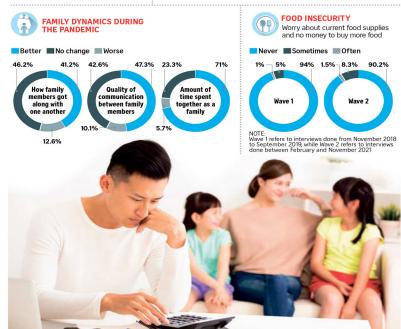
17.8% 1.4% Condominium or landed property that s rented or owned HDB rental flats refer to highly subsidised flats rented from the HDB *Refers to all families



95.2%*

82.1% 91.7% participated in extra online tutoring class during circuit bre

30.9%*		
Living in HDB rental flats‡	Living in private property [‡]	
22.3%	44.4%	



Source: SINGAPORE LONGITUDINAL EARLY DEVELOPMENT STUDY ON THE IMPACT OF THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC ON FAMILIES WITH YOUNG CHILDREN IN SINGAPORE PHOTO: ISTOCKPHOTO SUNDAY TIMES GRAPHICS

made them more anxious. Some 95 per cent of the primary care-givers are mothers. Prof Yeung cautioned: "We need

to be very careful to avoid having all the responsibilities fall on the mothers, of whom more than 70 per cent are also working, which

may increase anxiety and conflicts in the family."

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